Minutes of the four hundred and sixty third (463rd) meeting of the Council of the Town of Rose Valley, being the seventh meeting of the Council of the Town of Rose Valley for the year 2013, which was held in the Rose Valley Town Office, on June 19th, 2013 at 7:00 p.m.

The Waterworks Capital Investment Strategy 2013

A resolution of the Town of Rose Valley to establish a written Waterworks Capital Investment Strategy, in compliance with *The Municipalities Regulations* (Part VII, Sections 50 to 55)

The Council of the Town of Rose Valley, in the Province of Saskatchewan, enacts as follows:

Objective of the Waterworks Capital Investment Strategy

- 1) The objective of the waterworks capital investment strategy is to ensure funding is available to allow the provision of safe, affordable drinking water that meets the standards for drinking water set by regulation from federal and provincial legislation, in the present and future.
- 2) The waterworks capital investment strategy shall place a priority on working to ensure that funding is available to cover the cost of the following:
 - i) Infrastructure maintenance required in the current year;
 - ii) Infrastructure maintenance anticipated in the future;
 - iii) Replacement of current failing infrastructure in a timely and cost effective manner.
- 2) The strategy uses the 2005 Waterworks Systems Assessment that was required by Saskatchewan Environment as the base for planning.

Capital Planning for the Waterworks and the Wastewater Works

- 1) Capital plans have been developed to deal with current issues as identified and prioritized in the 2005 Waterworks Systems Assessment and as identified and prioritized by the Town Foreman.
- 2) An independent engineering study has recommended the construction of a reservoir and upgrade to the water treatment plant as the most efficient and cost effective solution to the basic infrastructure problems identified in the 2005 Waterworks Systems Assessment (2005 WSA).
- 3) An independent engineering study recommended the replacement of Well 1 (constructed 1980) and installation of a Reverse Osmosis Treatment system to deal with issues regarding water quality identified in the 2005 WSA.
- 4) An independent engineering study recommended increasing the pumping capacity of the sewage pumping station by replacing the existing pumps with higher capacity pumps.
- 5) The current waterworks plan and sources of funding are detailed on the following page. No waterworks tangible capital asset acquisition is planned for 2013.
- 6) Future capital works projects shall be prioritized based on the most cost effective method of ensuring safe drinking water.

	In		
Total Project	Service		
Cost	Year	Total Project Funding	
		Grant - Municipal	
		Rural Infrastructure	
668,810	2009	Fund (Can-SK)	500,000
·		Grant - New Deal Gas	,
291,717	2009	Tax Funding (Canada)	81,728
485,735	2009	Debt Financing	850,000
·			·
1,446,262		Community Grant (SK)	13,521
		2010 Operating	1,013
		Total Project Funding	1,446,262
	In		
Total Project	Service		
Cost	Year	Total Project Funding	
		Grant - Building	
		Canada Fund -	
		Communities	
94,953.91	2010	Component	507,726.00
113,970.48	2010	Debt Financing	364,000.00
377,910.01	2010	Utility Operating 2012	53,335.59
356,078.01			17,850.82
942,912.41		Total Project Funding	942,912.41
	ln I		
Total Project			
•		Project Funding	
	, cai		
5 185 00	2000		5,185.00
3,183.00	2003		3,103.00
8,631.00	2011	Revenue	8,631.00
13,816.00		Total Project Funding	13,816.00
	Cost 668,810 291,717 485,735 1,446,262 Total Project Cost 94,953.91 113,970.48 377,910.01 356,078.01 942,912.41 Total Project Cost 5,185.00 8,631.00	Total Project Cost	Total Project Service Year Cost Year Total Project Funding Grant - Municipal Rural Infrastructure Fund (Can-SK) Grant - New Deal Gas Tax Funding (Canada)